

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL RESULTS

for the six months ended 30 June 2020

## Highlights

The Bakubung Platinum Mine ("BPM") continues with mine development despite the numerous challenges associated with the COVID-19 lockdown and the 3 months' delays experienced. The COVID-19 pandemic compliance requirements imposed restrictions and required new and innovative ways of working, agile responses and constant review and change of plans when required.

Given the pandemic, all mine personnel were screened for COVID-19 at the beginning of May 2020 when the industry was allowed to restart. The COVID-19 positivity rate commenced at ZERO after the initial testing exercise of 1 036 tests. By the end of the reporting period, the Company experienced only 1 positive case. A specialist company was brought on board for the COVID-19 management and medical services supply to the mine.

The original targets set for 2020 and beyond have been affected by lockdown delays and slow start of teams upon return. BPM also had an unfortunate fall of ground incident on the 14th May 2020, which resulted in an unfortunate and regrettable loss of life. The current forecast for the 2020 production target is set to about 30% of the original plan. The Group's performance for the period under review, measured against the Group scorecard for 2020 are as follows:

- Safety Management**
  - The mine had a fall of ground incident, resulting in a fatality on the 14th May 2020.
  - The mine had a lost time injury frequency rate ("LTIFR") of zero for the reporting period, measured against an annual threshold of 0.59.
  - The mine experienced a serious injury frequency rate ("SIFR") of 1.03 for the reporting period, versus a threshold of 0.45 for the year.
  - In mitigation against safety risks, management increased the training and assessments for all of our workforce.
  - There was also increased mine competency and awareness training which mostly focused on Hazard Identification for all our novice employees.
  - A set of authority delegations and approvals up to mine manager level were developed to determine and ameliorate risks and to effectively manage permissions for all working places.
  - During the first six months of the year the Group spent a total amount R6.9 million as a response to staff health risks posed by COVID-19.
- Human Resources**
  - Vacancies filled in line with the approved revised labour plan as per the survival plan and budget.
  - Initiated the process of the accreditation of the Learning and Development Centre for BPM with the Mining Qualifications Authority.
- Stakeholder Relations and Regulatory Compliance**
  - All environmental permits and licenses are in order and there are no pending fines or penalties.
  - Implementation of the Social and Labour Plan targets continues to be a key priority for the mine.
  - Priority continues to be given to the maintenance of meaningful relations with our diverse stakeholders.
  - The employees' housing plan continues to be implemented, with the initial 144 units currently under construction.
  - BPM initiated a COVID-19 relief project. The main purpose was to provide some relief to the needy community households within the mining community of BPM during these trying times, and was in the form of food parcels coupled with sanitary essentials and face masks. A total amount of R1.4 million was spent on this project with R0.5 million being pledged by the BPM and R0.9 raised from BPM service providers.
- Engineering and Construction Management**
  - The planned underground infrastructure commissioning dates for clear water dams, ore handling and pump stations have been deferred to later dates due to the slow-down in development rates during lockdown. Catch-up plans, which includes turn-key scope of works, are being implemented to ensure recovery of lost time.
  - Surface commissioning of permanent services supply for water, ventilation, compressed air and diesel have been re-energised to improve on the latest forecast dates.
  - Underground workshops, loading bays and ventilation cross overs are almost completed on 69 level & 72 level and will be ready before time to start of stoping in 2021.
- Process Plant Construction**
  - Although the COVID-19 lockdown impacted adversely on the process plant construction schedule, design work, some procurement functions and administrative work could still be executed. The start of construction was however delayed until the partial re-opening of the industry in May 2020.
  - The delays on site establishment, earthworks and civils will delay the installation and commissioning of major equipment, which impacts on the ultimate hot commissioning date. The new date for hot commissioning is October 2021.
  - The public consultations required for the Integrated Water Use License Application and Environmental Impact Assessment amendments have also been affected by the lockdown, but the proposed remote participation has been granted by the departments. This has been notified to stakeholders. The delayed process will affect the start of the tailings and stockpand commissioning dates, which are now envisaged to be in June and March 2021, respectively.
- Mine Development and Equipping**
  - Due to the lockdown, the mine performance was adversely impacted as follows:
    - Total development metres of 1.121m for the period under review was achieved against a proposed revised target of 3.544m for the year.
    - The mine hoisted a total of 18 544 reef tonnes and 38 970 waste tonnes 66 994 reef tonnes and 86 809 waste tonnes.
    - The mine operating unit costs per metre and per tonne are 251% and 216% higher than plan due to lower efficiencies in production and the overhead costs which remained flat. The additional costs for COVID-19 compliance also added to the variance.
    - The business completed a revision of the definitive feasibility study ("DFS") document based on the latest business case. This was approved by the Technical Committee and Board in September 2020.

**3. Stakeholder Relations and Regulatory Compliance**

All environmental permits and licenses are in order and there are no pending fines or penalties. Implementation of the Social and Labour Plan targets continues to be a key priority for the mine. Priority continues to be given to the maintenance of meaningful relations with our diverse stakeholders. The employees' housing plan continues to be implemented, with the initial 144 units currently under construction. BPM initiated a COVID-19 relief project. The main purpose was to provide some relief to the needy community households within the mining community of BPM during these trying times, and was in the form of food parcels coupled with sanitary essentials and face masks. A total amount of R1.4 million was spent on this project with R0.5 million being pledged by the BPM and R0.9 raised from BPM service providers.

**4. Engineering and Construction Management**

The planned underground infrastructure commissioning dates for clear water dams, ore handling and pump stations have been deferred to later dates due to the slow-down in development rates during lockdown. Catch-up plans, which includes turn-key scope of works, are being implemented to ensure recovery of lost time. Surface commissioning of permanent services supply for water, ventilation, compressed air and diesel have been re-energised to improve on the latest forecast dates. Underground workshops, loading bays and ventilation cross overs are almost completed on 69 level & 72 level and will be ready before time to start of stoping in 2021.

**5. Process Plant Construction**

Although the COVID-19 lockdown impacted adversely on the process plant construction schedule, design work, some procurement functions and administrative work could still be executed. The start of construction was however delayed until the partial re-opening of the industry in May 2020. The delays on site establishment, earthworks and civils will delay the installation and commissioning of major equipment, which impacts on the ultimate hot commissioning date. The new date for hot commissioning is October 2021. The public consultations required for the Integrated Water Use License Application and Environmental Impact Assessment amendments have also been affected by the lockdown, but the proposed remote participation has been granted by the departments. This has been notified to stakeholders. The delayed process will affect the start of the tailings and stockpand commissioning dates, which are now envisaged to be in June and March 2021, respectively.

**6. Mine Development and Equipping**

Due to the lockdown, the mine performance was adversely impacted as follows:

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- The business completed a revision of the definitive feasibility study ("DFS") document based on the latest business case. This was approved by the Technical Committee and Board in September 2020.

**7. Inventories**

Costs incurred in the production process are appropriately accumulated as stockpiles. The average cost of normal production includes total costs incurred on mining.

**8. Other financial assets**

Investment in equities during the period was designated at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") as management deemed this the method to be most consistent with the treatment of such securities in previous periods.

**9. Restricted cash**

Restricted cash covers the following guarantees:

- Current:
  - R81 million (December 2019: R81 million) in favour of the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy for environmental obligation and Eskom for phase 1 and phase 2 bulk power supply to the BPM.

**10. Stated capital**

2 000 000 000 no par value ordinary shares (2019: 2 000 000 000 no par value ordinary shares)

**11. Taxation**

Current year – normal taxation (14 847) (1 252) (21 229)  
Current year – deferred taxation 393 002 (42 495) (28 343)  
**Total 378 155 (43 747) (49 572)**

**Reconciliation of effective tax rate**

Standard tax rate (28.0) 28.0 28.0  
Non-deductible expenses 0.5 1.0 (0.2)  
Deferred tax asset not raised 28.5 27.0 (14.9)  
Deferred tax asset utilised (28.2) (27.0) 20.4  
Fair value gain on financial asset at CGT rate in the subsidiary – (0.5) –  
Under provision in prior years – – 0.6  
Effective rate (27.2) 28.5 33.9

**12. Report of the Independent Auditor**

The condensed consolidated interim financial results for the six months ended 30 June 2020 have been reviewed by SizweNsolubabaGobodo Grant Thornton Inc., who expressed an unmodified review conclusion. The auditor's report does not necessarily report on all the information contained in these financial results. Shareholders are therefore advised that in order to obtain a full understanding of the nature of the auditor's engagement the report is available for inspection at the Company's registered address or they can obtain a copy of the auditor's report together with the accompanying financial information from the issuer's registered office.

**13. Segment reporting**

No segment reporting has been produced as the Group is conducting construction activities in one geographical location which represents its only business activity with no revenue yet.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. The operating results for the Group as a whole are reviewed regularly by the Group's CEO to make decisions about resources to be allocated and to assess its performance.

**14. Mineral resources**

There were no changes to the mineral resources for the six months ended 30 June 2020.

**15. Mine closure and environmental rehabilitation obligation**

The change in the obligation of R6.9 million is due to the time value of money and inflation adjustment for the period being recognised.

**16. Subsequent events**

No material events have occurred after the reporting period and up to the date of this report that required further disclosure in these financial results.

**17. Commitments**

At 30 June 2020 the Group had commitments to the value of R1 162.5 million (December 2019: R1 285.1 million). This amount includes capital commitments amounting to R1 162.0 million.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**1. Reporting entity**  
Wesizwe Platinum Limited ("the Company") is a company domiciled in the Republic of South Africa. The condensed consolidated interim financial information ("interim financial statements") of the Company as of 30 June 2020 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group"). The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 are available at www.wesizwe.com.

**2. Basis of preparation**  
The interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), (IAS) 34 Interim Financial Reporting, the SAICA Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee, the Financial Reporting Pronouncements as issued by Financial Reporting Standards Council and the requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008, as amended, as well as the Johannesburg Stock Exchange ("JSE") Listings Requirements. The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these interim financial statements are in terms of IFRS and are consistent with those applied in the previous annual financial statements.

**3. Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic**  
On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organization officially declared the novel coronavirus, COVID-19, a pandemic. Governments across the world have taken extreme measures to curb the spread of the virus by introducing various forms of social distancing, lockdown regimes and forms of monetary and fiscal stimulus. These measures impacted the financial position of individuals, small and medium sized businesses as well as corporates to varying degrees.

The Group has been proactive in managing staff health risks through an early risk awareness campaign, cancellation of large gatherings, the introduction of hand sanitiser, implementation of work from home practices as well as a comprehensive staff wellness monitoring and support programme. As the BPM is still under development, the COVID-19 pandemic has delayed the development of the mine.

**4. Estimates**  
The preparation of the interim financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, as well as income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant unobservable inputs are:

	Six months ended 30 June 2020	Six months ended 30 June 2019	Year ended December 2019
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
US\$ exchange rate [ZAR] up to 2021/2025	15.61 – 16.16	14.43 – 15.78	14.73 – 14.96
US\$ exchange rate [ZAR] long-term	15.70	16.48	14.99
P1 price (US\$/oz) up to 2021/2025	913 – 1 141	883 – 963	962 – 1 009
P1 price (US\$/oz) long-term	1 199	1 000	1 071
Pd price (US\$/oz) up to 2021/2025	1 418 – 1 907	1 111 – 1 265	1 219 – 1 734
Pd price (US\$/oz) long-term	1 287	1 080	1 414
Rh price (US\$/oz) up to 2021/2025	4 115 – 4 365	1 896 – 2 222	4 115 – 4 365
Rh price (US\$/oz) long-term	6 626	1 881	6 626
Au price (US\$/oz) up to 2021/2025	1 368 – 1 728	1 275 – 1 321	1 308 – 1 476
Au price (US\$/oz) long-term	1 368	1 269	1 300
Weighted Average Cost of Capital (%) (Real)	10.84	10.17	10.84

In determining the future cash flows, management reviewed all the key variables and sources of estimation. In preparing the interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation are based on the same principles as those that applied to the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, except as listed above.

If all assumptions remain unchanged, a 10% decrease in the basket price of commodities would result in no impairment being recognised.

If all assumptions remain unchanged, a 10% decrease in the United States Dollar to the South African Rand would result in no impairment being recognised.

If all assumptions remain unchanged, a 10% increase in the weighted average cost of capital would result in no impairment being recognised.

**5. Going concern**  
The Group's cash resources at the reporting date of R1 794 million (June 2019: R1 724 million) are sufficient, based on current budgets, to conduct operations and develop the BPM Project up to the end of the year. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on a number of factors. The most significant of these is the support of the majority shareholder. The majority shareholder has provided a letter of comfort supporting any shortfall in funding and guaranteed repayment of the China Development Bank ("CDB") loan. Accordingly, the interim financial statements are prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. These conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists which may cast significant doubt as to the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to continue as a going concern in that they may be unable to realise their assets and discharge the liabilities in the normal course of business. COVID-19 did not have a material impact on the going concern assumption as the mine is still in the development phase (refer to note 3).

**6. Property, plant and equipment**  
During the period under review an amount of R1 447 million was capitalised to Construction Work-in-progress as part of the activities to develop the mine and related construction activities.

At the reporting date, property, plant and equipment consisted of the following categories of assets:

June 2020	Property, plant and equipment R'000	Right-of-use-asset R'000	Construction work-in-progress R'000	Mining rights R'000	Total R'000
Balance at 31 December 2019	54 869	7 769	8 825 822	1 057 729	9 946 189
Acquisitions during the period	16 520	–	1 447 430	–	1 463 950
Depreciation	(3 787)	(129)	–	–	(3 916)
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>67 602</b>	<b>7 640</b>	<b>10 273 252</b>	<b>1 057 729</b>	<b>11 406 223</b>

June 2019	Property, plant and equipment R'000	Right-of-use-asset R'000	Construction work-in-progress R'000	Mining Rights R'000	Total R'000
Balance at 31 December 2018	60 911	–	7 739 782	1 057 729	8 858 102
Acquisitions during the period	1 478	–	472 666	–	474 144
Adjustment on transition to IFRS 16	–	16 991	–	–	16 991
Depreciation	(9 339)	(312)	–	–	(4 251)
Closing balance	58 130	16 679	8 212 448	1 057 729	9 344 986

No additions have been made in respect of mineral rights during the period under review. The recoverable amount of the Construction Work-in-progress is based on the discounted cash flow method. The valuation model considers the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted using a risk-adjusted discount rate. The present value of the discounted cash flows is greater than the carrying amount of the Construction Work-in-progress, which means that the asset is not impaired.

**7. Inventories**

	Six months ended 30 June 2020	Six months ended 30 June 2019	Year ended December 2019
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
Metal inventories	142 410	–	86 166
Stores and materials	80 753	18 276	34 630
<b>Total carrying amount</b>	<b>223 163</b>	<b>18 276</b>	<b>120 796</b>

Inventories comprises of metal inventories and stores and materials.

**(i) Metal inventories**  
Costs incurred in the production process are appropriately accumulated as stockpiles. The average cost of normal production includes total costs incurred on mining.

**(ii) Stores and materials**  
Stores and materials are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value, on a weighted average basis. Obsolete, redundant and slow-moving stores are identified and written down to net realisable value which is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less selling expenses.

**8. Other financial assets**

	Six months ended 30 June 2020	Six months ended 30 June 2019	Year ended December 2019
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
Opening balance	17 222	9 191	9 191
(Loss)/gain on fair value adjustments	(5 175)	–	8 031
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>12 047</b>	<b>12 009</b>	<b>17 222</b>

Investment in equity is measured at fair value in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position. Fair values of the listed shares have been calculated by reference to quoted bid prices in active markets at the reporting date and are categorised within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The shares in Royal Bafokeng Platinum Limited are listed on the JSE, and the Group is satisfied that there is an active market, the transactions take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Investment in equities during the period was designated at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") as management deemed this the method to be most consistent with the treatment of such securities in previous periods.

**9. Restricted cash**  
Restricted cash covers the following guarantees:

- Current:
  - R81 million (December 2019: R81 million) in favour of the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy for environmental obligation and Eskom for phase 1 and phase 2 bulk power supply to the BPM.

**10. Stated capital**

	Six months ended 30 June 2020	Six months ended 30 June 2019	Year ended December 2019
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
2 000 000 000 no par value ordinary shares (2019: 2 000 000 000 no par value ordinary shares)	–	–	–
<b>Issued</b>	<b>3 425 544</b>	<b>3 425 544</b>	<b>3 425 544</b>

## 18. (Loss)/earnings per share

	Six months ended 30 June 2020	Six months ended 30 June 2019	Year ended December 2019
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
<b>The basis of calculation of basic (loss)/ earnings per share is:</b>			
Attributable (loss)/earnings to ordinary shareholders (Rand)	(1 011 589 451)	112 530 242	103 034 868
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares)	1 627 827 058	1 627 827 058	1 627 827 058
<b>Basic (loss)/earnings per share (cents)</b>	<b>(62.14)</b>	<b>6.91</b>	<b>6.33</b>
<b>The basis of calculation of diluted (loss)/earnings per share is:</b>			
Attributable (loss)/earnings to ordinary shareholders (Rand)	(1 011 589 451)	112 530 242	103 034 868
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares)	1 627 827 058	1 627 827 058	1 627 827 058
<b>Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (cents)</b>	<b>(62.14)</b>	<b>6.91</b>	<b>6.33</b>
<b>The basis of calculation of headline (loss)/ earnings per share is:</b>			
Attributable (loss)/earnings to ordinary shareholders (Rand)	(1 011 589 451)	112 530 242	103 034 868
<b>Adjustments:</b>	<b>4 015 306</b>	<b>(2 818 314)</b>	<b>(6 232 444)</b>
Loss/(gain) on adjustment of value in interest in equity/financial asset	4 015 306	(2 818 314)	(6 232 444)
<b>Headline (loss)/earnings (Rand)</b>	<b>(1 007 574 145)</b>	<b>109 711 928</b>	<b>96 802 424</b>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares)	1 627 827 058	1 627 827 058	1 627 827 058
<b>Headline and diluted headline (loss)/earnings per share (cents)</b>	<b>(61.90)</b>	<b>6.74</b>	<b>5.95</b>

## 19. Finance income and finance expense

	Six months ended 30 June 2020	Six months ended 30 June 2019	Year ended December 2019
	Reviewed R'000	Reviewed R'000	Audited R'000
<b>Finance income from financial institutions</b>			
Interest earned on cash balances	56 672	26 508	87 963
Interest accrued on cash balances	66	401	166
<b>Total</b>	<b>56 738</b>	<b>27 109</b>	<b>88 129</b>
<b>Foreign exchange gains</b>			
Realised gain on conversion of loan denominated in foreign currency	12 747	43 926	43 926
Realised gain on payment of interest accruals denominated in foreign currency	–	–	8 139
Unrealised gain on conversion of interest accruals denominated in foreign currency	23 710	–	308
Realised gain on conversion of dollar bank account	89 137	–	–
Unrealised gain on conversion of loan denominated in foreign currency	–	140 443	167 175
<b>Total</b>	<b>125 593</b>	<b>184 369</b>	<b>219 548</b>
<b>Total finance income</b>	<b>182 332</b>	<b>211 478</b>	<b>307 677</b>
<b>Finance expense</b>			
Finance expense for borrowings at amortised cost	(346 386)	(223 739)	(475 218)
Finance costs other	–	(675)	(3)
Lease liability finance costs	(385)	–	(1 104)
Time value of money adjustment to rehabilitation obligation	(409)	(1 778)	(3 634)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(347 180)</b>	<b>(226 192)</b>	<b>(479 959)</b>
<b>Foreign exchange losses</b>			
Realised loss on conversion of dollar bank account	–	–	(18 487)
Unrealised loss on conversion of interest accruals denominated in foreign currency	–	(2 244)	–
Unrealised loss on conversion of loan denominated in foreign currency	(2 130 178)	–	–
<b>Total</b>	<b>(2 130 178)</b>	<b>(2 244)</b>	<b>(18 487)</b>
<b>Finance costs capitalised*</b>			
Interest income	(53 019)	(20 668)	(72 436)
Interest expense	346 386	206 074	475 218
Net foreign exchange losses	431 209	–	–
<b>Net finance costs capitalised</b>	<b>924 576</b>	<b>185 406</b>	<b>402 782</b>
<b>Total Finance Expense</b>	<b>(1 552 782)</b>	<b>(43 030)</b>	<b>(95 664)</b>

\*The net finance costs capitalised are those that directly relate to the to the CDB loan.

**20. Reclassification of finance income and finance expense**  
In prior year interim results, the line item "finance income from financial institutions" was presented separately in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the Group. There is also "foreign exchange gains" within the same statement for the Group. As these line items are similar in function, it was decided to improve presentation by aggregating them and, present it as "finance income".

In prior year interim results, the line item "finance cost capitalised" was presented separately in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the Group. There is also "finance expense" within the same statement for the Group. As these line items are similar in function, it was decided to improve presentation by aggregating them and, together with foreign exchange losses, present it as "finance expense".

Group 30 June 2019	As previously reported R'000	Reclassification R'000	Restated R'000
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